



OWNER'S AND OPERATOR'S MANUAL

Diesel Engine Generator & Welder

DGW400DM

Vertical, Water-Cooled 4-Cycle Diesel Engine



CAUTION

Do not operate the Generator/Welder, or any other appliance, before you have read and understood the instructions for use and keep near for ready use.

DGW400DM-380A/K
X750-023 89 0
X750803-710 0

Introduction

We would like to thank you very much for purchasing this Soundproof Diesel Engine Generator & Welder.

- This manual has been created in order to ensure safe and proper use of this equipment. Be sure to thoroughly read this manual before operating the equipment as the improper operation of this equipment can result in an accident or malfunction.
- This equipment should only be operated by persons who thoroughly understand the contents of this manual and can safely operate the equipment. Persons who are ill, taking medicine, or are in bad health should not operate this equipment if such conditions will affect operation of the equipment and related work.
- Operation and use of this equipment must be in strict compliance with the applicable laws, as well as rules and regulations based on such laws.
- Always be sure to include this manual with the equipment if it is loaned out to another party, and instruct said party that they must thoroughly read this manual before operating the equipment.
- Store this manual securely in a predetermined location so that it can be readily accessed at all times to order parts or arrange for repair. Contact the retail outlet where this equipment was purchased if any parts are lost, the equipment becomes soiled, or is otherwise damaged in any manner.
- Consult with the retail outlet where the equipment was purchased if any of the points are unclear or you would like further information. Be sure to note the model name and serial number of your equipment, and provide this information when making an inquiry.
- If disposing of this equipment, dispose in a manner according to laws and regulations applicable to industrial waste. Consult with the retail outlet where the equipment was purchased if you have any inquiries regarding proper disposal.

■ The precautions used in this manual are divided into the following three ranks.

⚠ Warning : Improper operation can result in death or serious personal injury.

⚠ Caution : Improper operation can result in moderate or minor personal injury, or physical damage.

<Note> : Explanatory note in order to ensure that equipment protection and performance are fully realized.

- It is possible that items described under **< ⚠ Caution >** or **<Note>** can result in a serious accident depending on the circumstances. The contents of both of these types of precautions are important. Be sure to always comply with all precautions.

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1. Safety Guidelines

⚠ Warning: Suffocation from exhaust fume

- Exhaust fume from the engine contains many elements harmful to human. Do not operate this equipment in poorly ventilated area, such as inside a room or in a tunnel.

⚠ Warning: Electric Shock

- Do not touch the output terminals during operation.
- Do not insert metal objects (such as pin or wire) into plug-in receptacles.
- Do not touch wiring or electric parts inside the equipment during operation.
- Before connecting or disconnecting a load cable from output terminals, always turn the circuit breaker to OFF position.
- Before connecting or disconnecting a welding cable from output terminals, stop the engine, and remove the engine key.
- Before performing any equipment check or maintenance, stop the engine, and remove the engine key. A person performing the maintenance should always keep the key.

⚠ Warning: Injuries

- Close all doors and place locks during operating this equipment, to avoid injuries by unintentionally touching cooling fan and fan belt.

⚠ Warning: Fire

- The equipment uses Diesel Oil as a fuel. When refueling, always stop the engine and keep away from fire. Moreover, always wait until the engine cools down before refueling.
- Always wipe any drip of Diesel fuel or lubrication oil. Do not use this equipment when a leak is found. Repair the equipment before use.
- Temperature around muffler and exhaust can get extremely high. Keep any inflammable items (such as fuel, gas, paint, etc.) away from the equipment.
- Keep any inflammable items and easily burning items away from the place in welding, because welding splashes spatters.
- Always operate this equipment on flat surface and, at least 1 meter away from any objects (wall, box, etc.).

⚠ Warning: Suffocation from welding fume

- Be sure to wear a fume proof mask in operation, because welding fume contains poisonous gas and dust. Pay attention to the airflow direction and sufficient ventilation also in order to prevent from inhaling the fume.

⚠ Caution: Suffocation from exhaust fume

- Do not point the exhaust fume toward pedestrians or building.

⚠ Caution: Injuries to eyes and skin

- Be sure to wear spark protection glass(es), long-sleeve shirts, gloves, etc. in order to protect eyes and skin from harmful spark in welding.
- Battery fluid contains diluted sulfuric acid. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or on clothing. If the acid comes in contact, especially with eyes, flush with a lot of water, and contact your physician immediately.

⚠ Caution: Electric shock

- Do not flush water onto the equipment nor operate it in the rain.

⚠ Caution: Explosion

- Do not use the equipment or charge the battery, in the case the battery fluid level is lower than the LOWER level.
- Battery may emit some combustible gas, so keep it away from fire and sparks.

⚠ Caution: Fire

- Do not connect AC output to any indoor wiring.
- Always wait until the equipment cools down, before placing any covering materials for storage.

⚠ Caution: Burns

- Do not touch the engine and muffler during operation and immediately after stopping the equipment, for the temperature can reach extremely high.
- When checking engine oil or changing oil, always stop the engine, and wait until the engine cools down. If you open either the oil gauge or the oil plug during operation, hot oil may cause some injury.
- Be sure to wear leather gloves, apron, shoe covers, eye protection glass(es) (mask), safety shoes, safety cap, and long sleeve shirts, because welding splashes spatters.
- Do not open the radiator cap while operating this equipment or immediately after stopping the equipment, to avoid sustaining burns from hot vapor.

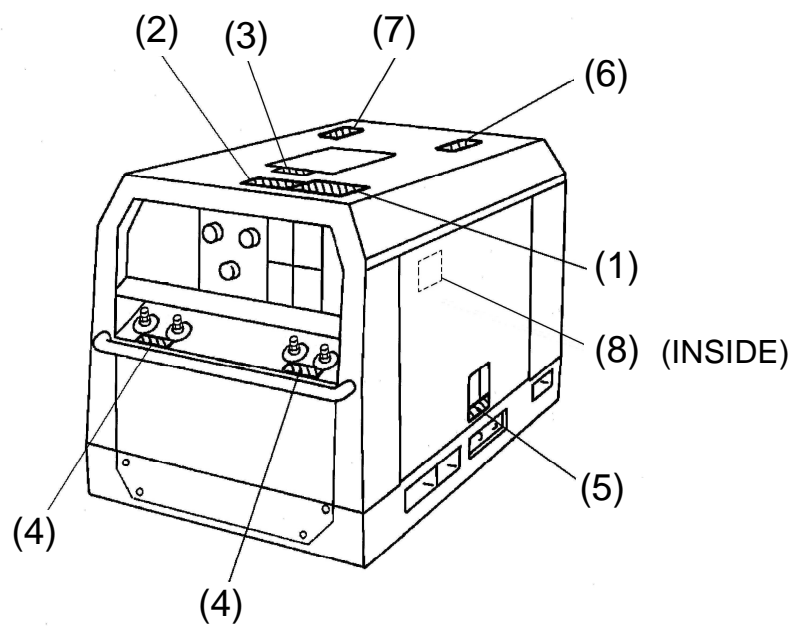
⚠ Caution: Injuries

- When lifting the equipment, always use a lift hook. Do not lift a handle, for it may cause equipment to drop due to handle breaking off.
- Always place the equipment on a flat and stable surface, to keep the equipment from sliding. Be sure to lock the wheels for the wheeled models.
- When starting the engine, turn off the connected equipment and set the circuit breaker to OFF position.
- Do not move the equipment during operation.
- When performing equipment check and maintenance, always stop the engine.
- Do not operate the equipment, if the equipment is being modified or if the parts are removed.

■ Locations of Warning Labels

Replace warning labels when they become difficult to see or damaged by affixing new labels in the specified locations. Order the necessary labels by numbers in parentheses.

- (1) Suffocation from Exhaust Fume (No. X505-007590)
- (2) Suffocation from Welding Fume (No. X505-007600)
- (3) Fire (No. X505-007650)
- (4) Electric Shock (No. X505-007610)
- (5) Injury (No. X505-007630)
- (6) Burn (No. X505-007620)
- (7) Burn (No. X505-007640)
- (8) Electric Shock (No. X505-004970)



2. Specifications

Model			DGW400DM		
Generating Method			Rotating Field		
Welding Generator	Rated Current (A)		370 / 390		
	Rated Voltage (V)		34.8 / 35.6		
	Duty Cycle (%)		60		
	Rated Speed (min ⁻¹)		3000 / 3600		
	No Load Voltage (V)		MAX 85		
	Output Change	Single	Current Adj. Range (A)	90 – 380 / 110 - 400	
			Welding Rod (Φ)	2.6 - 8.0	
		Dual	Current Adj. Range (A)	50 – 190 / 55 - 210	
Welding Rod (Φ)			2.0 - 4.0		
	Eco	Current Adj. Range (A)	40 - 240		
		Welding Rod (Φ)	2.0 - 5.0		
AC Generator	Rated Frequency (Hz)		50 / 60		
	Rated Speed (min ⁻¹)		3000 / 3600		
	Phase		1-Phase	3-Phase	
	Rated Voltage (V)		220-240	380-415	
	Power Factor		1.0	0.8	
	Rated Output (kVA)		3	15	
	Rating		Continuous		
Engine	Model		Kubota D1005		
	Type		Vertical, Water-Cooled 4-Cycle Diesel Engine		
	Displacement (L)		1.001		
	Rated Output (kW/min ⁻¹)		16.5 / 3000 or 19.1 / 3600		
	Fuel		ASTM No.2-D Diesel Fuel or Equivalent		
	Lubricant Oil		API Class CC or better		
	Lubrication Oil Volume (L)		5.1 (Effective 1.4)		
	Cooling Water Volume (L)		4.3 (Sub Tank Capacity 0.6 L included)		
Starting Method		Starter Motor			
Battery			55B24L (Japanese Industrial Standard)		
Fuel Tank Capacity (L)		37			
Dimension	Length (mm)	1519			
	Width (mm)	700			
	Height (mm)	760			
Dry Weight (kg)		469			

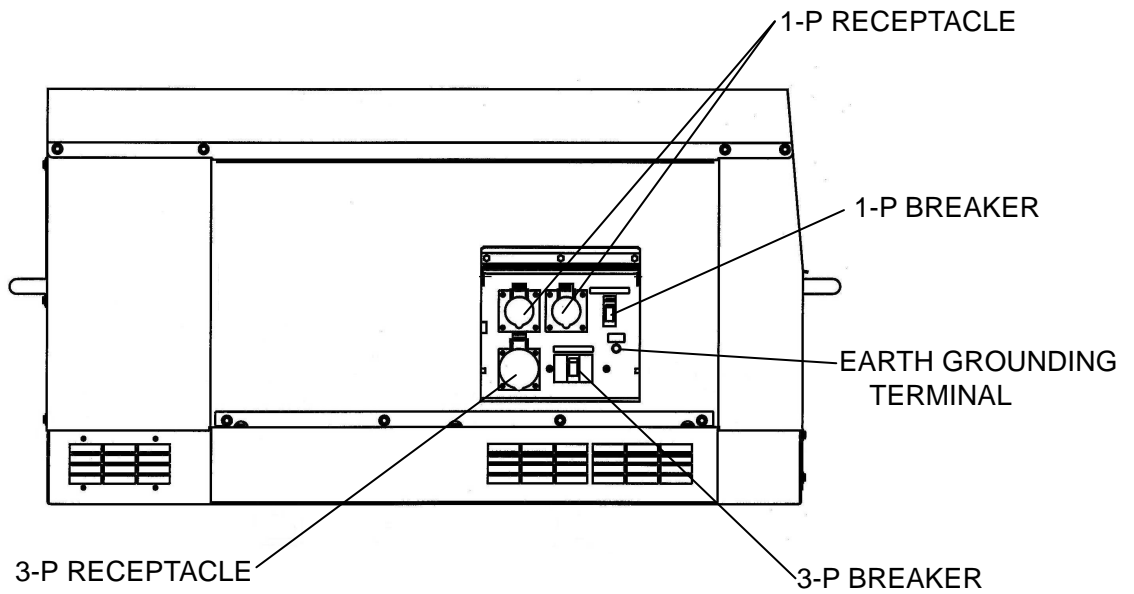
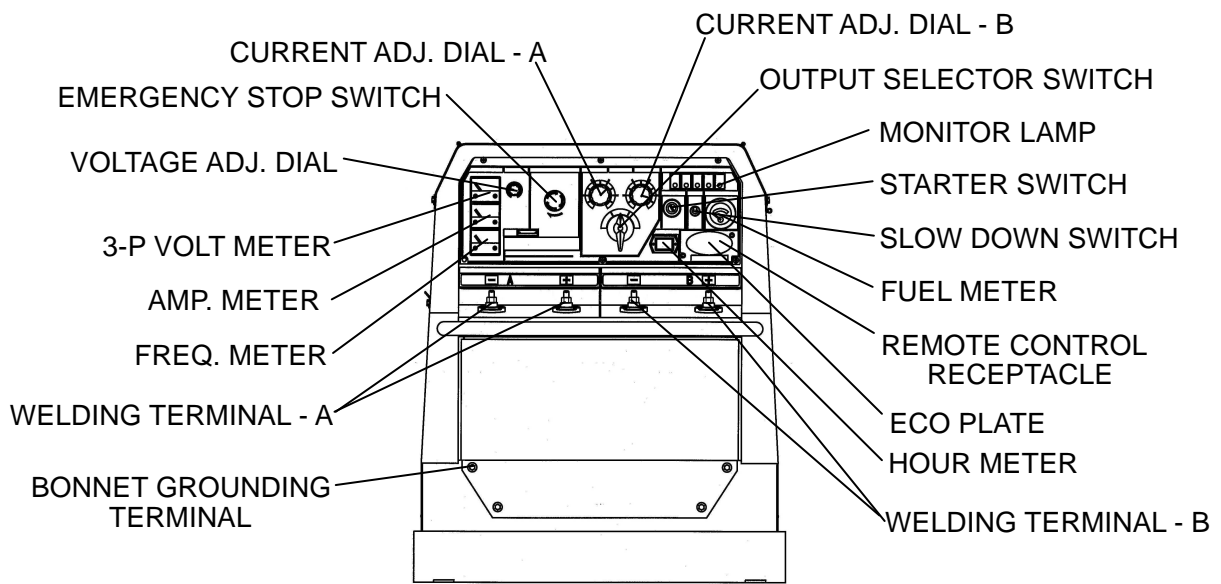
3. Use

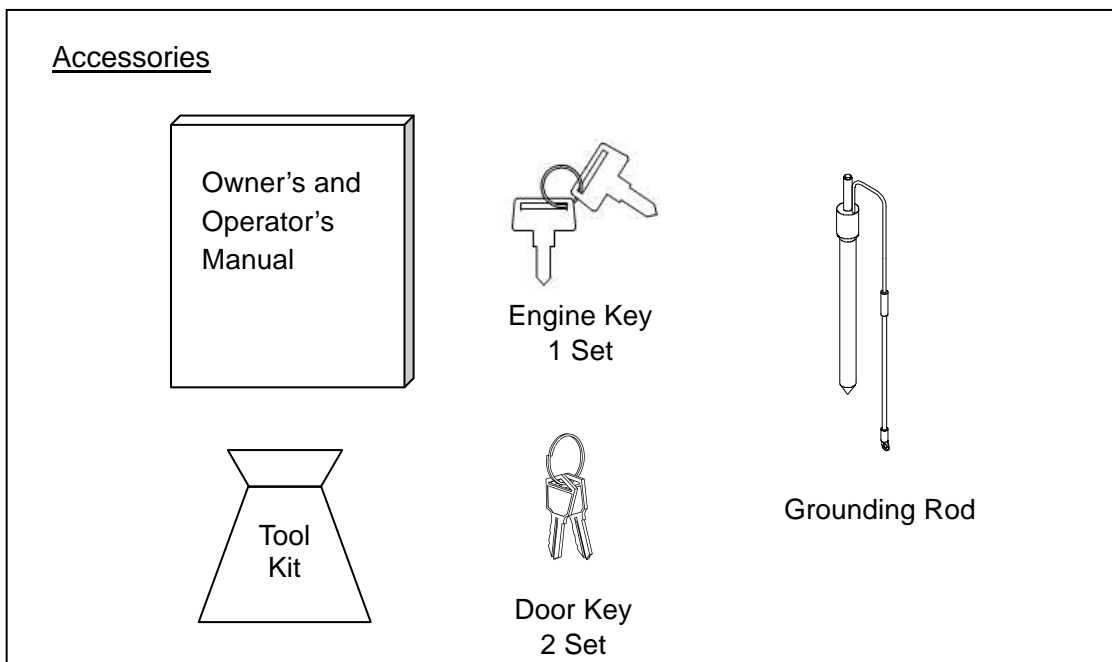
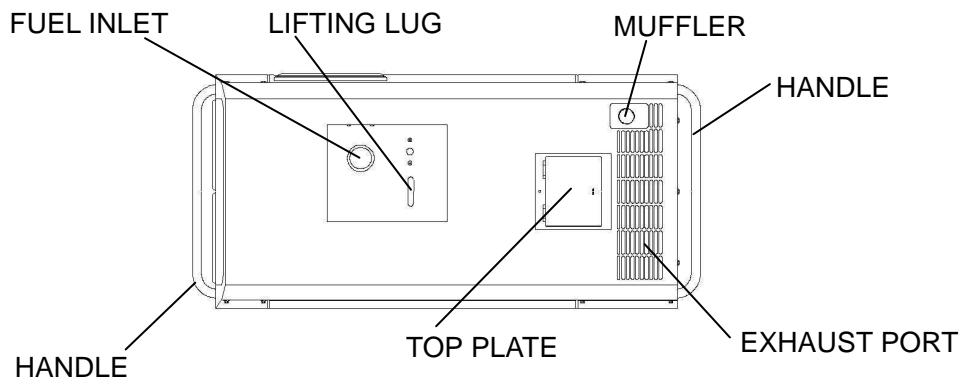
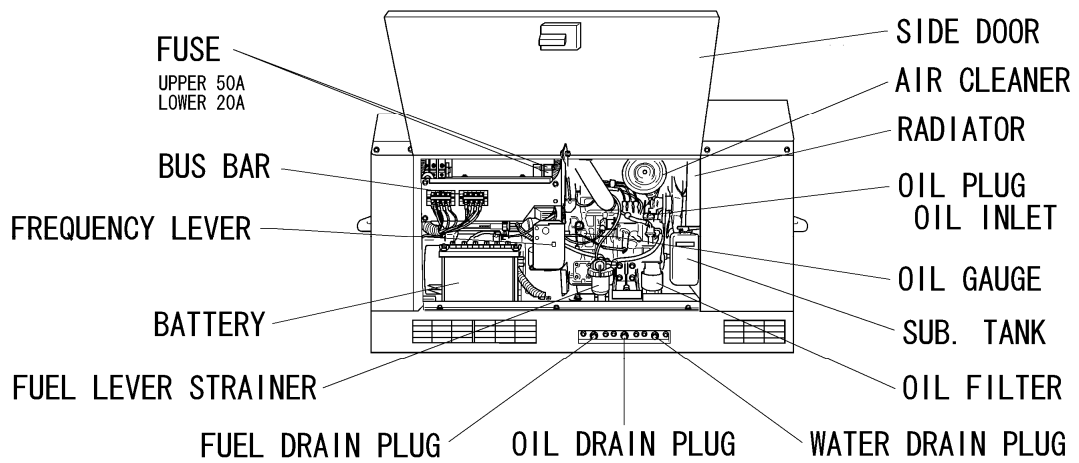
- Arc Welding
- Electric Tools and Home Appliances
- Power Source for lights

⚠ Caution: Damage to the equipment or other properties

- The equipment is designed for the above purposes only. Do not use it for the other purpose. When it will be used for the equipment with the microcomputers control or for the ultra-precision devices, the load may be malfunctioned.
- Whenever connecting to use medical equipment or appliances, be sure to consult with the medical equipment company, doctor or hospital personnel.

4. Parts





5. Equipment

5-1. Eco Welding

The equipment is incorporated in Eco welding features that are aimed at performing the lower noise, the lower fuel consumption and the lower gas emission than conventional models.

When you turn the selector switch to Eco, you will be able to weld with Max. ϕ 5.0mm welding rod at the slow down speed.

<Note>

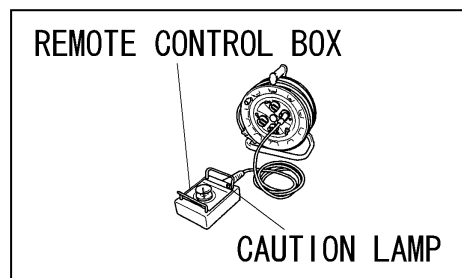
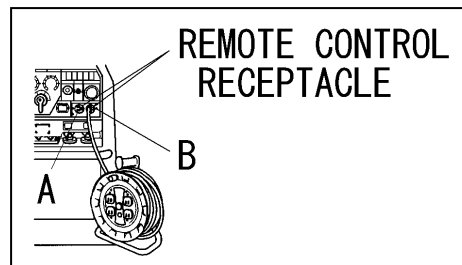
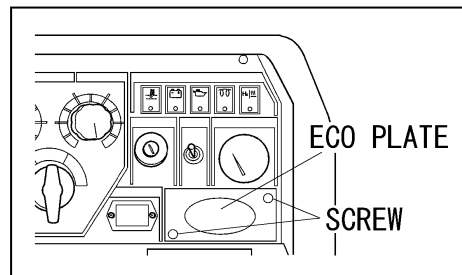
- When welding is performed, do not turn the output selector switch, which causes the burnout of the switch.
- Eco is designed for welding only. The 3-phase circuit breaker trips and simultaneously the outputs of welding and generating would fall down and you will not do anything when Eco is used for AC power supply.

5-2. Remote Control (Option)

Using the remote control box, the remote control to adjust the welding current makes it possible.

Remote Control Box Connection.

- 1) Remove "Eco" plate. (M4 Screw 2 pieces).
- 2) Insert the plug of the extension cable reel into A side or B side receptacle.
- 3) Insert the plug of the remote control box into the receptacle of the extension cable reel.

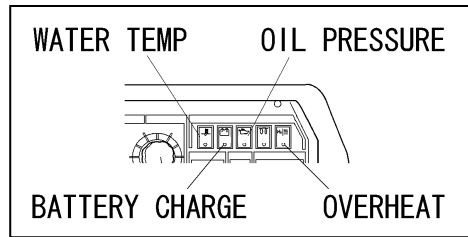


<Note>

- Never connect the plug of the remote control box to the receptacle of the extension cable reel when the reel is connected to 1-P receptacle.
- Never connect the other loads additionally than the remote control box.
- In the case the extension cable reel is installing the breaker, use the equipment to have turned the breaker ON.

5-3. Monitor Lamp

The equipment is incorporated in monitoring function of WATER TEMP, BATTERY CHARGING, OIL PRESSURE, Hz/OVERHEAT.



Under normal condition, when the starter switch changes from STOP to RUN, all the lamps of BATTERY CHARGING, OIL PRESSURE and Hz/OVERHEAT turn ON. When the engine starts, all the lamps turn OFF. When abnormality is detected on other than Hz/OVERHEAT, the corresponding monitor lamp will flash, and the engine automatically shutoff.

When the automatic shutoff is engaged, turn the starter switch to STOP position once, and then restart the engine. In the event the automatic shutoff is engaged next time, check which lamp turns ON or OFF and point out where is the abnormality.

(1) Coolant/Water Temperature Monitor Lamp

⚠ Warning: Injuries

- Close all doors and place during operating this equipment, to avoid injuries by unintentionally touching cooling fan and fan belt.

⚠ Caution: Burns

- Do not open the radiator cap while operating this equipment or immediately after stopping the equipment, to avoid sustaining burns from hot vapor.
- Do not touch the engine and muffler during operation and immediately after stopping the equipment, for the temperature can reach extremely high.

When the water temperature rises abnormally, the coolant/water temperature monitor lamp will flash, and the automatic shutoff will be engaged.

When this occurs, check the coolant/water reservoir tank, and replenish if needed. (Refer to No. 6-2 Checking coolant/water temperature)

If the water level is normal, there may be a possibility of overloading. Always use the equipment within the rated duty cycle and output power.

(2) Battery Charge Monitor Lamp

When the battery turns unable to be charged during operation, the battery charge monitor lamp will flash and the automatic shutoff will be engaged.

In the event this occurs, consult with the authorized distributor or our engineering section.

<Note>

- The battery charge monitor cannot detect the degradation of the battery nor the battery fluid level. Check the battery fluid level periodically. (Refer to No. 6-5 Checking Battery).

(3) Oil Pressure Monitor Lamp

⚠ Warning: Injuries

- Close all doors and place locks during operating this equipment, to avoid injuries by unintentionally touching cooling fan and fan belt.

⚠ Caution: Burns

- Do not touch the engine and muffler during operation and immediately after stopping the equipment, for the temperature can reach extremely high.
- When checking engine oil, always stop the engine, and wait until the engine cools down. If you open either the oil gauge or the oil filter cap during operation, hot oil may cause some injury.

When the engine oil pressure drops during operation, the oil pressure monitor lamp will flash, and the automatic shutoff will be engaged.

When this occurs, check the engine oil level, and replenish to the maximum level if needed.

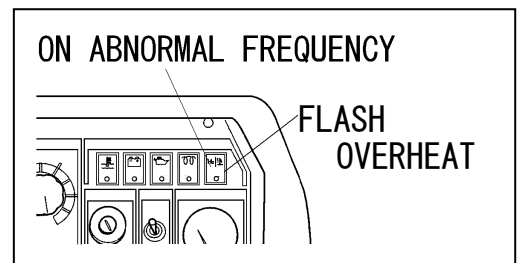
<Note>

- The engine oil pressure monitor cannot detect the degradation of engine oil itself. Please check the engine oil periodically, and change if needed. (Refer to No. 11 Maintenance)
- Check the fuse next, when the abnormality, other than WATER TEMP, BATTERY CHARGED OR OIL PRESSURE is detected. If the fuse is burned out, consult with our authorized distributor or our engineering section, because there may be an abnormality of electric/electronic parts or wiring and repairing may be required.

(4) Hz/Overheat Monitor Lamp

Unless the frequency selector lever position and the bus bars in the equipment are correspondent to each other, Hz/OVERHEAT monitor lamp will turn ON.

Hz/OVERHEAT monitor lamp may flash in the case the machine is used excessively over the duty cycle.



<Note>

- When Hz/OVERHEAT monitor turns ON, as the output power reduces remarkably, the AC output power can hardly be used.
- There may be a case that the lamp will not flash, depending on the welding type or the weather condition.

5-4. Frequency Change

⚠ Warning: Injuries

- Frequency change should be done, after stopping the engine. Moreover, close doors and place locks during operating this equipment, to avoid injuries by unintentionally touching cooling fan and fan belt.

⚠ Warning: Electric Shock

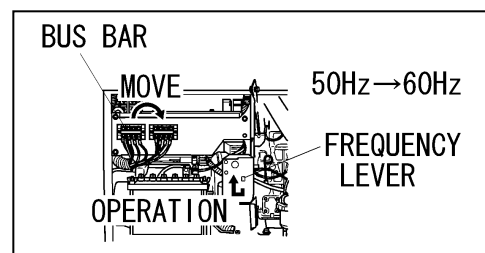
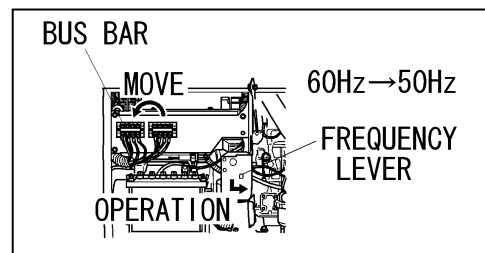
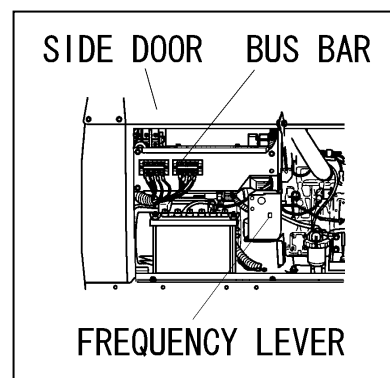
- Never touch the frequency change bus bar during operation.

⚠ Caution: Burns

- Do not touch the engine and muffler during operation and immediately after stopping the equipment, for the temperature can reach extremely high.

When the engine oil pressure drops during operation, the oil pressure monitor lamp will flash, and the automatic shutoff will be engaged.

- 1) Stop the engine.
- 2) Open the side door.
- 3) Turn the selector switch and the metal bus bars to the other frequency as per the drawing.
- 4) Start the engine.
(Refer to No. 7-1 Starting).
- 5) Turn the slow-down switch to OFF.
(Refer to No. 5-7 Slow-Down).
- 6) Check the frequency in the frequency meter in the control panel.



5-5. Earth Leakage Relay

⚠ Warning: Electric Shock

- Ground every grounding terminal to the earth as set out in the manual.
If even one of all is unconnected by mistake or accident, it will be much more dangerous for human body than the NO RELAY case, because leaking current inevitably goes through the body.
- Even though all the terminals of the loads have been grounded to the earth, the earth grounding terminal and the bonnet (canopy) grounding terminal should be grounded to the earth.
- Grounding should be made after the engine is stopped.
- Whenever the earth leakage relay has activated, you should always repair the leaking place first of all.

The equipment is provided with the earth leakage relay in the 3-Phase Circuit Breaker to detect any leakage arisen due to the troubles as insulation failure of the load while the generator is running. And cutting off the circuit for protection against any accident such as electrical shock resulting from the trouble.

<Note>

- The 3-phase circuit breaker trips to protect the loads, whenever AC power is used where the selector switch is in the Eco position.

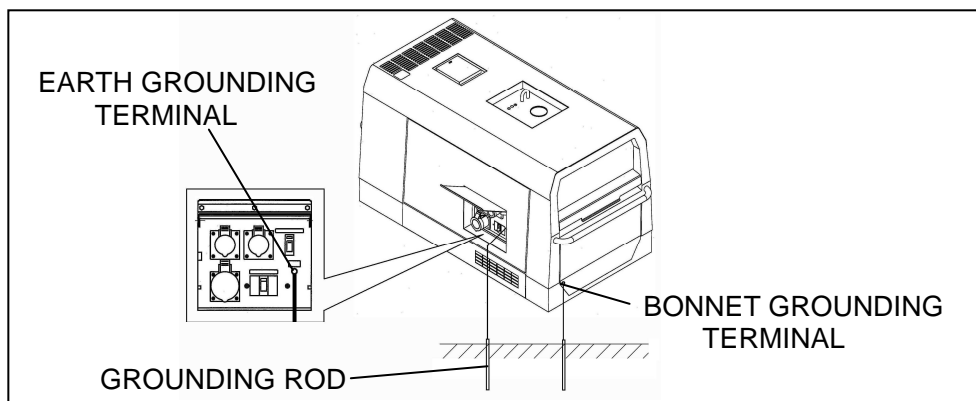
The specifications of the earth leakage relay:

- Rated Sensitive Current: 30mA (or below).
(Grounding resistance: 500Ω or below)
- Sensitive time: Within 0.1 second.

(1) Grounding Work

The qualified electrician should perform the grounding work of the following 3 points.
(500Ω or below)

- The earth grounding terminal in the output terminals.
- The Outer Bonnet of the equipment (bonnet grounding terminal).
- The Outer Bonnet of the load.



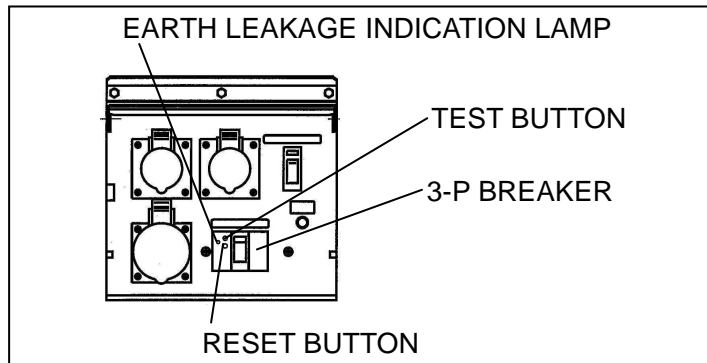
<Note>

- In the event you cannot ground the generator to the earth, consult with the authorized distributor or our engineering section.

(2) Operation Check

Before operating the equipment, check always if the device can work duly as shown in the following procedure.

- 1) Turn the starter switch from STOP to RUN.
- 2) Turn (Push-up) the 3-P circuit breaker (lever) to ON position.
- 3) Push the test button. The device is found to be normal as the earth leakage indication lamp turns ON and the 3-P circuit breaker positions in the middle of ON and OFF.
- 4) Push the reset button. (The earth leakage indication lamp turns OFF.)
- 5) Turn (Push-down) the 3-P circuit breaker (lever) to OFF position.
- 6) Restore the switch to STOP once, when starting the engine.



In the event you cannot complete all steps in the above procedure to the end, the device is out of order. Consult with our authorized distributor or our engineering section to repair.

(3) The Earth Leakage Relay has activated

⚠ Caution: Electric Shock/Injuries

- Be sure to disconnect all the loads to the equipment when turning the breakers ON again, after the earth leakage relay has activated.

When the earth leakage relay has activated, the earth leakage indication lamp turns ON and also the 3-P circuit breaker (lever) trips to the middle of ON and OFF. In the case, stop the engine promptly and find the leakage point to repair. After repairing leakage point(s), proceed with the following restoration steps.

- 1) Push the reset button or stop the engine.
- 2) Restore (push-down) the 3-P circuit breaker (lever) to OFF position.
By the above procedures, you can reset the breaker to ON position.

<Note>

- When the breaker has tripped to the middle but the lamp does not turn ON simultaneously, the cause to have tripped is OVER-LOAD or the output selector switch is positioned to ECO. Restore as per the procedures No. 9-3 Operation.

5-6. Single Phase Breaker for the receptacle circuit only

⚠ Caution: Electric Shock/Injuries

- Be sure to disconnect all the loads to the generator when turning the breakers ON again, after the 1-Phase Breaker has activated.

- 1) Disconnect all the loads.
- 2) Turn the breaker to ON.

<Note>

- Do not exceed the maximum output. Refer to No. 9-2 Output Limitation.
- The 1-P breaker protects the receptacle circuit only.

5-7. The Slow-Down Feature

The slow-down feature is to set the engine speed low automatically (in about 8 seconds) for the purpose of reducing noise and fuel consumption, whenever no welding operation or electric supply is performed.

In the case of using the SLOW-DOWN feature, turn the slow-down switch to ON. By the condition, the engine automatically moves to high speed, whenever welding operation or electric supply starts.

⚠ Caution: Damage to the equipment or other properties

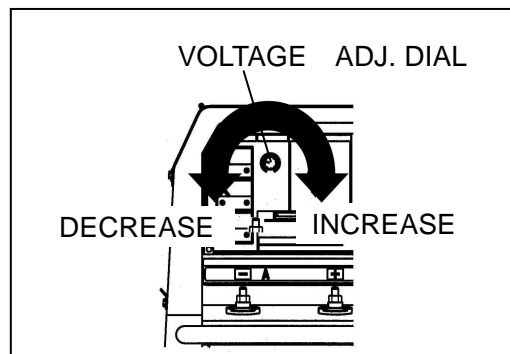
- Turn always the slow-down switch to OFF, when the load is incorporated with any magnet switch.

<Note>

- When the load of less than 0.5A is connected to use, the Slow-Down feature does not function sometimes. Therefore, turn the switch to OFF.
- When welding operation or electric supply performs alternately or intermittently, turn the switch to OFF.
- When the output selector switch is positioned to Eco, the engine does not turn to high speed.

5-8. Voltage Adjusting Dial

Adjust the dial whenever the AC Output adjustment is necessary. Set the dial in the center usually.



<Note>

- When raising the voltage, the current is decreasing. (Use the output within the output capacity.)
- In you raise the voltage exceeding the allowable voltage range, which causes the damage to the loads.

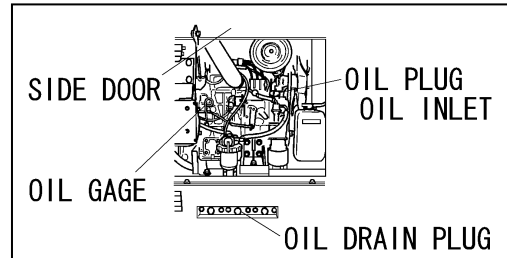
6. Initialization and Pre-check

⚠ Caution: Fire/Burns/Injuries

- When checking engine, always stop the engine, and keep away from fire. Wait until the engine cools down, before performing any checks.

6-1. Checking Engine Oil

When checking for engine oil, be sure to keep the equipment leveled, and insert the oil gauge all the way in. Prior to starting the equipment, make sure to fill the engine oil to the UPPER line through the oil inlet.



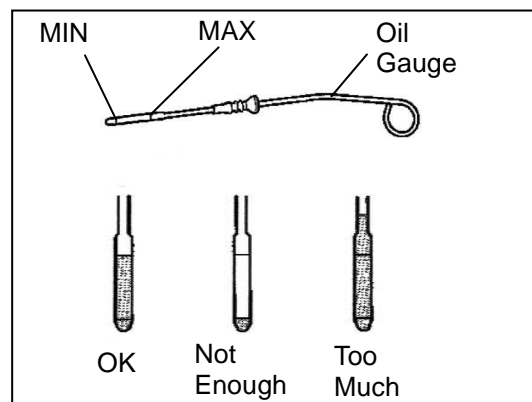
<Note>

- If the equipment is not leveled, you cannot obtain accurate oil level. Do not overfill (over UPPER line) the engine oil. The excessive amount of engine oil may damage the engine. (inside the cylinders)

■ Selecting proper engine oil

<Note>

- Use the API class CC or better.



Viscosity and Temperature

Temperature	+20°C or more	+10°C~+20°C	-10°C~+40°C
Oil Viscosity	SAE30	SAE20	SAE 10W/30

6-2. Checking Coolant / Water

⚠ Warning: Injuries

- Close all doors and place locks during operating this equipment, to avoid injuries by unintentionally touching cooling fan and fan belt.

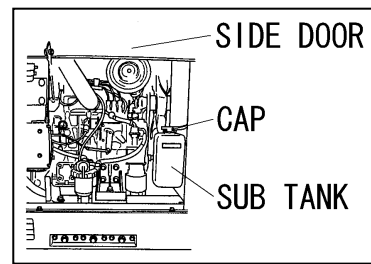
⚠ Caution: Burns

- Do not open the radiator cap while operating this equipment or immediately after stopping the equipment, to avoid sustaining burns from hot vapor.
- Do not touch the engine and muffler during operation and immediately after stopping the equipment, for the temperature can reach extremely high.

Check to see if the coolant/water level is between FULL and LOW levels in the sub tank. If the coolant/water is below the LOW level, fill the tank and the radiator accordingly.

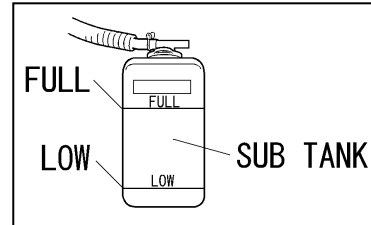
(1) Filling to the Reservoir Tank

- 1) Remove the sub tank cap.
- 2) Fill up the sub tank to the FULL level.
- 3) Install the cap back.



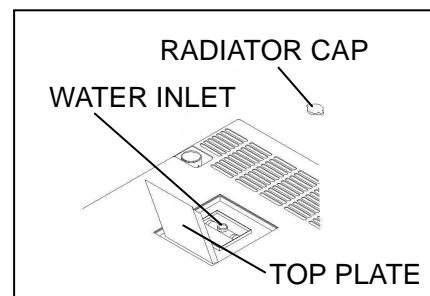
(2) Filling to the Radiator

- 1) Remove the top plate.
- 2) Remove the radiator cap.
- 3) Fill the radiator up to the top.
- 4) Install the cap back and tighten.
- 5) Reinstall the top plate.



<Note>

- Use soft water, such as tap water.
- If the ambient temperature is near freezing, use Long Life Coolant (LLC). (30% mixture LLC is filled when shipped from factory)
- Mixture ratio of the coolant should be 30%-45%, depending on the ambient temperature.
- Replace LLC at every year or 2000 hours.



Mixture Ratio (for reference only)

Min. Temp.	-15°C	-20°C	-30°C
Mixing Ratio	30%	35%	45%

6-3. Checking Fuel

Warning: Fire

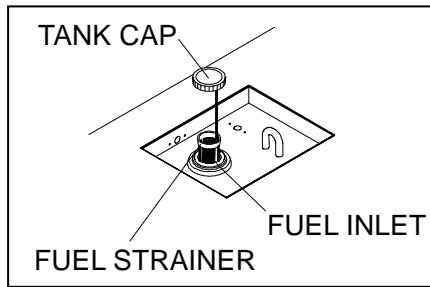
- Always wipe any drip of fuel. Do not use this equipment when any leak is found. Repair the equipment before use.

Check for the fuel level in the tank. Add if necessary.

<Note>

- Use Diesel fuel, ASTM D975 No.2-D in the event ambient temperature reaches down to -5°C.
- The engine is designed to use either No.1-D or No.2-D Diesel fuel. However, for better economy, use No. 2-D Diesel Fuel whenever possible. At temperatures less than -7°C (20°F), No.2-D fuel may pose operating problems (see "Cold Weather Operation which follows). At colder temperatures, use No.1-D fuel (if available) or use a "winterized" No.2-D (a blend of No.1-D and No.2-D). This blended fuel is usually called No.2-D also, but can be used in colder temperatures than No.2-D fuel which has not been "winterized". Check with the services stations operator to be sure you can get the properly blended fuel. Note that Diesel fuel may foam during a fill-up. This can cause the automatic pump nozzle to shut off even though your tank is not full.

- Always use the fuel strainer.
- Fill the fuel tank slightly less than the FULL tank.



6-4. Checking Fuel, Engine Oil and Water Leakage

⚠ Warning: Fire

- Do not use this equipment when a leak is found. Repair the equipment before use.

Be sure to check any leakage for fuel, oil and coolant/water at the hose connections by opening side doors. Whenever checking any fuel leakage, turn the fuel lever OPEN and be sure to close the fuel lever after checking.

6-5. Checking Battery

⚠ Caution: Injury to Eyes and Skin

- Battery fluid contains diluted sulfuric acid. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing.
- If the acid comes to contact, especially with eyes, flush with a lot of water, and contact your physician immediately.

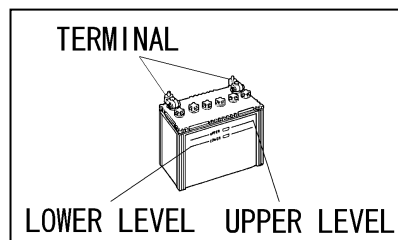
⚠ Caution: Explosion

- Do not use the equipment or charge the battery, in the case the battery fluid level is lower than the LOWER level.
- Battery may emit some combustible gas, so keep it away from fire and sparks.

⚠ Caution: Explosion

- Battery may emit some combustible gas, so keep it away from fire and sparks.

- 1) Check the fluid level. If the level is near or lower than LOWER level, add distilled water until the fluid level reaches UPPER level.
- 2) Make sure that the battery cables are firmly secured to the posts. Tighten the clamps if necessary.

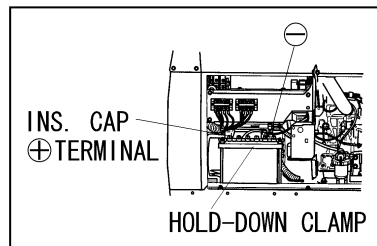


<Note>

- Check the hydrometer of the battery fluid. If it falls below 1.23, the battery requires recharging. Please consult with our authorized distributor or our engineering section.

■ Replacing battery

- 1) Remove the clamp and cable from negative (-) post in the battery.
(Remove always negative side first)
- 2) Remove the hold-down clamp from the battery.
- 3) Remove the clamp and cable from positive (+) post in the battery.
- 4) Remove the battery from the seat.



- * Reinstall a new battery in the reverse order. (Install always the cable to the positive (+) post in the new battery first.)

<Note>

- Use the following battery. 55B24L (Japanese Industrial Standard)

7. Operation

⚠ Warning: Suffocation from Exhaust Fume

- Exhaust fume from the engine contains many elements harmful to human. Do not operate this equipment in poorly ventilated area, such as inside a room or in a tunnel.

⚠ Warning: Fire

- Temperature around muffler and exhaust can get extremely high. Keep any inflammable items (such as fuel, gas, paint, etc.) away from the equipment.
- Always operate this equipment on flat surface and, at least 1 meter away from any objects (wall, box, etc.).

⚠ Caution: Suffocation from Exhaust Fume

- Do not point the exhaust fume toward pedestrians or building.

⚠ Caution: Injuries

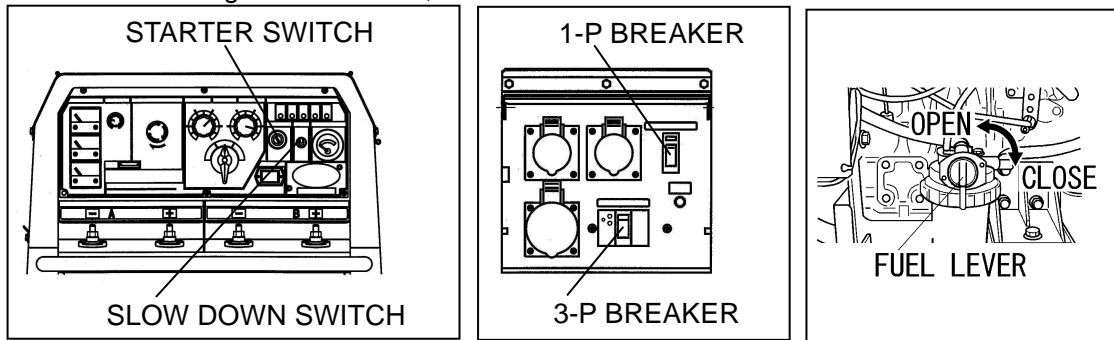
- Always place the equipment on a flat and stable surface, to keep the equipment from sliding. Be sure to lock the wheels for the wheeled models.
- Before starting the engine, be sure to disconnect the loads and set the breakers (1-P and 3-P) to OFF position.

7-1. Starting

- 1) Turn the breakers (1-P and 3-P) to OFF position.
- 2) Turn the fuel lever to OPEN.
- 3) Turn the Slow-Down switch to ON.
- 4) Turn the emergency stop switch to release.
- 5) When the temperature is below -5°C , turn and keep the starter switch to PREHEAT until the preheat lamp turns OFF (about 5 seconds)
- 6) Turn the starter switch to START and then the engine starts by the starter motor.
- 7) Release the switch, as soon as the engine has started.
- 8) Keep the engine idle for about 5 minutes.

<Note>

- Do not drive the starter motor for more than 15 seconds successively.
- If you need to restart, wait for 30 seconds or more before retry.
- Once the engine has started, never turn the starter switch to START.



■ Restart after stopping due to fuel shortage

This equipment is incorporated in automatic vacuuming air feature. Therefore, even though the engine stops due to running out of fuel, you can restart the engine easily by the following steps.

- 1) Turn the starter switch to STOP.
- 2) Fill the fuel.
- 3) Turn the Slow-Down switch to ON.
- 4) Turn the starter switch to START and drive the starter motor for about 10 seconds.
- 5) Release the starter switch, as promptly as the engine started.
- 6) Wait for about 1 minute to vacuum the air out. The engine speed becomes stable when the air is extracted.

<Note>

- Never turn the engine NORMAL speed or connect the loads until the air is extracted completely (the engine speed becomes stable).

7-2. Stopping

- 1) Turn (Push-down) the breakers (1-P and 3-P) to OFF.
- 2) Turn the Slow-Down switch to ON.
- 3) Keep the engine idle (cooling down) for about 5 minutes.
- 4) Turn the starter switch to STOP.
- 5) After the engine has stopped, turn the fuel lever to CLOSE.

<Note>

- When the engine does not stop in spite of turning the starter switch to STOP, turn the fuel lever to CLOSE, then the engine will stop in a few minutes.
In this case, be sure to consult with our authorized distributor or our engineering section and ask to repair.

7-3. Emergency Stopping

The emergency stop feature is incorporated in the equipment.
Press the emergency stop switch in case of an emergency or equipment abnormality during operation.

- 1) Push the emergency stop switch to stop engine in an emergency case.

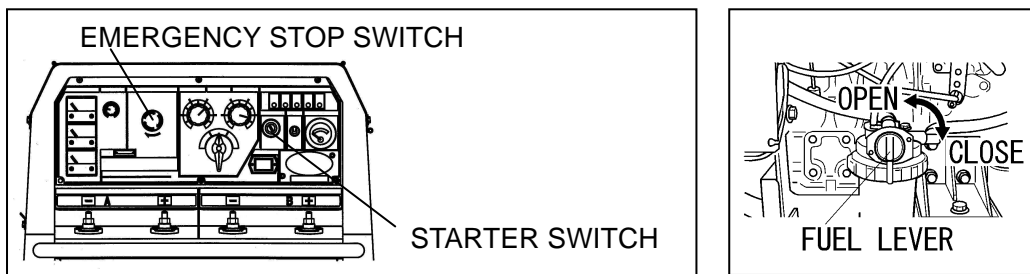
<Note>

- Be sure to return the engine starter switch to "STOP" after the engine stops.
- Never hit the emergency stop switch by any tool such as a hammer.
- Never use the emergency stop switch except an emergency case.
- Turn the fuel lever to CLOSE to stop in the case the emergency stop switch does not function.

- 2) Turn the emergency stop switch to arrow mark (clockwise) to release the feature.

<Note>

- Be sure to re-start the engine after releasing the emergency stop feature.
The engine does not start again though the starter motor is running, without releasing the emergency stop feature.



8. Welding Operation

8-1. Selection – Welding Cable

Select the cable with proper gauge, based on the allowable amperage and the length, per the table shown below.

The welding capacity is to reduce if the small gauge cable is used.

<Note>

- Welding cables should be used unstrained. When the welding cables are used in swirl, the welding capacity is to reduce.

Size of Cable (Unit: mm²)

Weld Current	Return Length						
	20m	30m	40m	60m	80m	100m	
400A	38	50	60	100	125	200	
350A	30	50	60	80	125	150	
300A	30	38	50	80	100	125	
250A	22	30	38	60	80	100	
200A	22	30	30	50	60	80	
150A	22	22	22	38	50	60	
100A	22	22	22	30	30	38	

8-2. Polarity

There are two welding output terminals, "+" and "-".

Select the polarity according to the operation, referring to the table below.

<Note>

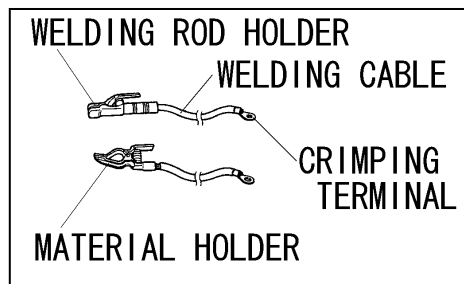
- Follow the instruction of the welding rods, the polarity of which is specified.

Polarity	Application	Connection
Normal Polarity	Generals Welding, such as construction	"+" to the Earth (Material) "- " to holder (Rod)
Reverse Polarity	Thin Plate, Build-Up Welding, Stainless Steel	"+" to holder (Rod) "- " to the Earth (Material)

8-3. Connection – Welding Cable

⚠ Warning: Electric Shock

- Before connecting or disconnecting a welding cable from welding output terminals, stop the engine, and remove the engine key. A person performing should always keep the key.



- 1) Stop the engine.
- 2) Connect a welding cable to a crimping terminal, a welding rod holder, and a material holder.
- 3) Connect the welding cables to the output terminals per the table below.
- 4) Close the output terminal cover, after finishing connections.

Eco (Single)	Single	Dual
Welding rod φ2.0 – φ5.0	Welding Rod φ2.6 – φ8.0	Welding Rod φ2.0 – φ4.0
Welding Output Terminal A	Welding Output Terminal A	Welding Output Terminal A and Welding Output Terminal B

<Note>

- Be sure to crimp a crimping terminal to a cable and connect the cable to welding output terminal. Otherwise, welding output terminals may burn out by the heat caused by insufficient connections.
- Do not use a cable without a crimping terminal. If you use the cable, the insulation is peeled off partly, to bind to an output terminal, the output terminal may burn out by the heat caused by insufficient connections and also a bare part of the cable may touch the bonnet to short-circuit.

8-4. Duty Cycle

Duty cycle means the weldable time ratio for 10 minutes. This equipment is the rated duty cycle is 60%, namely, the weldable time is 6 minutes or less. Be sure to take 4 minutes recess after 6 minutes welding.

<Note>

- The equipment may be damaged due to overheat, if welding more than 6 minutes successively or short time recess after the welding.

8-5. Welding

⚠ Warning: Suffocation from Welding Fume

- Be sure to wear a fume proof mask in operation, because welding fume contains poisonous gas and dust. Pay attention to the airflow direction and sufficient ventilation also in order to prevent from inhaling the fume.

⚠ Warning: Fire

- Keep any inflammable items and easily burning items away from the place in welding, because welding splashes spatters.

⚠ Caution: Injury to Eyes and Skin

- Be sure to wear spark protection glass(es)(Refer to the table below), long-sleeve shirts, gloves, etc. in order to protect eyes and skin from harmful spark in welding.

Standards for Arc-Proof Glasses (Japanese Industrial Standard)

Filter No.		7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Weld Current (A)	Shielded metal arc welding	35-75		76-200		201-400			400-
	Gas-shielded arc welding	—	—	100 or less		101-300		301-500	
	Gouging	—	—	—	126-225		226-350		—

⚠ Caution: Burns

- Be sure to wear leather gloves, apron, shoe covers, eye protection glass(es)(mask), safety shoes, safety cap and long sleeve shirts, because welding splashes spatters.

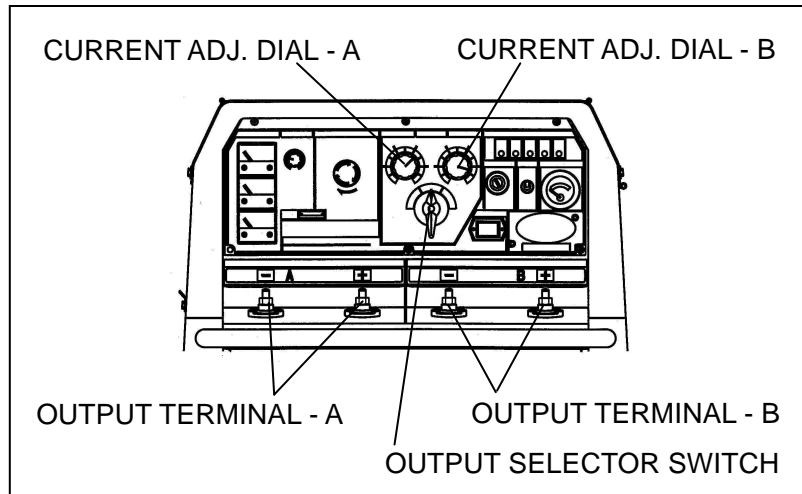
<Note>

- Never turn the output selector switch during welding, because it causes burnout of the switch.

2 persons can weld simultaneously.

Each person can adjust the welding current individually.

The current adjustable range by the current adjust dial, depends on the position each of the welding output selector switch.



- 1) Set the selector switch, base on the application to use.
- 2) Adjust the current amperage by the current adjust dial, per the table below.

	Position	Freq	Welding Current at the dial position						
			MIN	1	2	3	4	5	MAX
1 Person	Eco		40	60	100	140	180	220	240
	Single Use	50Hz	90	120	190	250	320	360	380
		60Hz	110	140	200	260	320	380	400
2 Persons	Dual Use	50Hz	50	70	100	130	160	180	190
		60Hz	55	70	110	140	170	200	210

The values shown in the table are for reference only. The length and the ambient temperature affect the value.

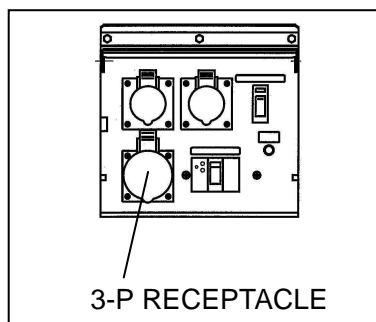
When the remote control box is used, the values change to some degree.

9. Generator Operation

9-1. Output Range

(1) 3-Phase 380-415V Output (3-Phase 4-Wire)

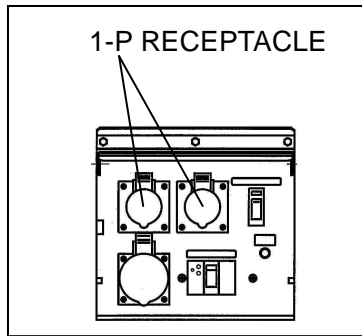
Maximum output from the receptacle is 15KVA.



(2) 1-Phase 220-240V Output Receptacles

1-Phase 220-240V Output is available through 2 receptacle sets.

Maximum output is 3kVA for 2 receptacle sets.



9-2. Output Limitation

Please refer to the following table, because electric tools and home appliances cannot be judged only by the rated output or the power consumption due to the efficiency and character of the components.

Applicable Load (For reference purpose only)

Loads	Capacity (kW)	
	1-Phase 220-240V	3-Phase 380-415V
	Receptacle total	Receptacle
Electric Bulb, Heater, etc.	3.0	-
Electric Tools, etc (Series Motor)	1.5	-
Mercury Bulb (High Power Factor Type)	1.2	-
Submersible Pump, Compressor, etc (Induction Motor)	1.2	6.0

* Series Motor: Motor with brush

* Induction Motor: Brushless Motor

* The value described is "OUTPUT" for Induction Motor loads and "POWER CONSUMPTION" for the other equipment.

<Note>

- Be sure to use the frequency designated in the equipment incorporated in mercury bulb or induction motor.
- The load incorporated in motor may require bigger power than the rated power consumption. Therefore, consult with our authorized distributor or our engineering section to clarify.
- When connecting to use 2 or more sets, start the load one by one, not to start them simultaneously.
- When switching a Mercury bulb ON again, wait for 15 minutes (about) until it cools down.

9-3. Operation

⚠ Warning: Electric Shock

- Before connecting or disconnecting a load cable from the receptacles, always turn the circuit breakers (3-P and 1-P) to "OFF" position. And always stop engine, and remove the engine key. A person performing the maintenance should always keep the key.
- Ground the every grounding terminal to the earth as set out in the manual. If even one of all is unconnected by mistake or accident, it will be much more dangerous for human than the NO-RELAY case, because leaking current inevitably goes through the body. (Refer to No.5-5 Earth Leakage Relay).
- Even though all the current leakage relays in the loads have been grounded to the earth, the earth grounding terminal and the bonnet (canopy) should be grounded to the earth.
- Grounding should be made after the engine is stopped.
- Whenever the current leakage breaker activates, you should repair the leaking place first of all.

⚠ Caution: Injuries

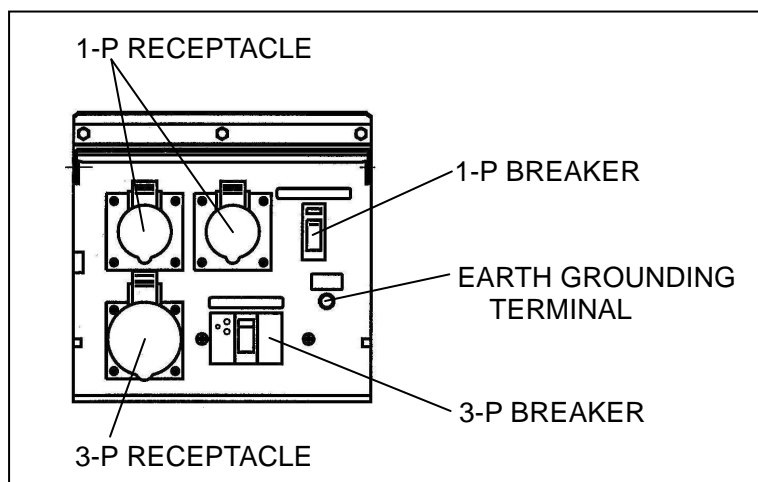
- Be sure to insert a plug to a receptacle, after confirming that all the switches in the loads are positioned to "OFF".
- Be sure to select the correct frequency, designated in the loads. (Refer to No.5-4 Frequency Change").

⚠ Caution: Damage to the property/Aftermath

- Whenever connecting to use medical equipment or appliances, be sure to consult with the medical equipment company, doctor or hospital personnel.
- Be sure to select the correct frequency, designated in the loads. Otherwise, the loads may be damaged. (Refer to No.5-4 Frequency Change).

After the engine starts (Refer to No.7-1 Starting), operate the equipment as per the following procedures.

- 1) Turn the power switch OFF in the load, and then turn the circuit breaker to "OFF" Turn off the switches of devices being used.
- 2) Check to confirm that the breakers (3-P and 1-P) position "OFF".
- 3) Connect the load to the receptacles.
- 4) Turn the circuits breakers (3-P and 1-P) to "ON".



■ The Circuit Breaker has activated due to overload

⚠ Caution: Injuries

- Be sure to turn the power switch "OFF" in the load when turning the circuit breaker to "ON" again, when the circuit breaker has activated.

When the electric supply exceeds the rated output (overload), the circuit breaker activates to trip off in order to shut down the circuit. When the load operation stops during operation, check the circuit breakers (3-P and 1-P).

In the case the 3-P breaker trips, the current leakage breaker lamp should have turned to OFF. If the lamp remains ON, refer to No.5-5 Earth Leakage Relay.

When any breaker has tripped, restore the circuit breaker as per the following procedure.

- 1) Turn OFF all the power switches in the loads.
- 2) Turn (Push) down the circuit breakers (3-P and 1-P) to "OFF" once. And then turn (push) up the circuit breakers to "ON".

<Note>

- Take care for overload, referring to "9-2 Output Limitation".
- When the output selector switch is positioned to Eco and AC power is used, the 3-P circuit breaker trips off to shut down the circuit. Stop using AC power and follow the above procedure to restore the circuit breaker

10. Simultaneous Use of Welding and Generating

The circuit breakers (3-P and 1-P) react on the AC power supply circuit only. In the simultaneous use of welding and generating, there sometimes happens overload to the engine. Refer to the following table and limit the AC power use.

Overview of Capacities Usable Simultaneously (50/60Hz)

Welding Output		AC Power Output	
Welding Rod / Current	Select	3-Phase 380-415V Output (P.F. 0.8)	1-Phase Output
φ2.0mm / 60A	Dual	7.0 / 9.0kVA	3.0 / 3.0kVA
φ2.6mm / 120A	Single or Dual	6.0 / 8.5kVA	3.0 / 3.0kVA
φ3.2mm / 140A	Single or Dual	5.5 / 8.0kVA	3.0 / 3.0kVA
φ4.0mm / 170A	Single or Dual	5.0 / 7.5kVA	3.0 / 3.0kVA
φ5.0mm / 240A	Single	2.0 / 2.5kVA	3.0 / 3.0kVA
φ6.0mm / 300A	Single	1.0 / 2.0kVA	1.0 / 2.5kVA
φ8.0mm / 380A	Single	0kVA	0kVA

* In order to secure stable AC output, the output selector switch should be positioned to DUAL in operation as long as possible.

<Note>

- The simultaneous use of Eco welding and AC power is NOT available.
- Avoid the simultaneous use in the case high quality result in welding is required

11. Checking and Maintenance

⚠ Warning: Electric Shock/Injuries

- Before performing any equipment check or maintenance, stop the engine, and remove engine key. A person performing the maintenance should always keep the key.

⚠ Caution: Fire/Burns

- Keep the equipment far away from fire.
- When checking engine, always stop the engine, and keep away from fire.
- Wait until the engine cools down, before performing any checks.
- Do not open the side panel during operation and immediately after stopping the equipment, because some parts/components (flexible tube, resistors, etc.) can reach very high temperature inside the equipment.

<Note>

- The authorized technicians should perform all checking and maintenance work, except for the pre-startup checks.
- Request for the maintenance item with ● mark to the authorized distributor or our engineering section.
- Always use our genuine parts of replacement.

To optimize the use of this generator/welder, we recommend the periodical equipment checks and maintenance based on the following matrix.

Use the hour meter as a guide for the operating time.

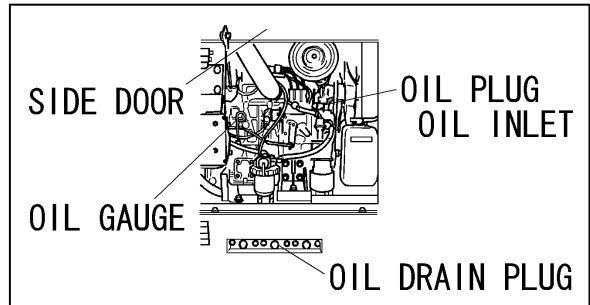
Checking Items	Startup Check	Checking Time					
		50th hour	Every 100 hours	Every 200 hours	Every 400 hours	Every 1,000 hours	Every 2,000 hours
1 Check and Supply Fuel	○						
2 Check and Supply Engine Oil	○						
3 Engine Oil Change		1st time ○	2nd time and after ○				
4 Oil Filter Change		1st time ○		2nd time and after ○			
5 Check/Add Water/Coolant	○						
6 Water/Coolant Change							○ or 1 year
7 Clean Fuel Strainer		1st time ○	2nd time and after ○				
8 Change Fuel Filter					○		
9 Drain Water/Clean Fuel Tank				○			
10 Check Leakage Fuel, Oil, Water	○						
11 Check/Add Battery Water	○						
12 Clean Air Element		1st time ○	2nd time and after ○				

Checking Items	Startup Check	Checking Time					
		50th hour	Every 100 hours	Every 200 hours	Every 400 hours	Every 1,000 hours	Every 2,000 hours
13	Change Air Element				○		
14	Adjust Tension V-Belt	● 1st time	● 2nd time and after				
15	Change V-Belt				● or 2 years		
16	Clean Radiator Fin				●		
17	Clean Radiator (inside)				●		
18	Change Fuel Hose, Oil Hose, Vibration-Absorbing Rubber						● or 2 years
19	Adjust Engine Valve Clearance					● Adjust- ment	● Lapping
20	Check/Adjust Injection Nozzle				●		
21	Check/Adjust Injection Pump						●

(1) Oil Change

1st time	50th hour
2nd time and after	Every 100 hours

- 1) Remove the oil plug.
- 2) Loosen the oil drain plug and allow the oil to drain fully.
- 3) Reinstall the oil drain plug.
- 4) Checking the oil level by the oil level gauge, add oil into the oil filler to fill up to the max level. (about 5.0 liter)
- 5) Reinstall the oil plug hand tight.



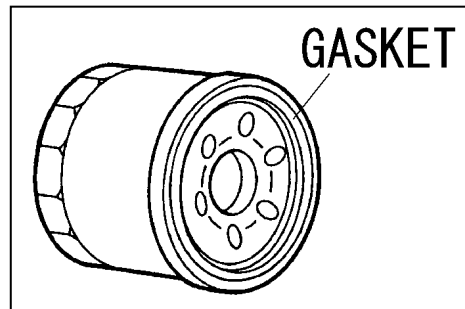
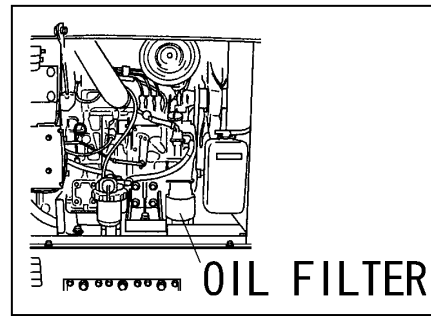
<Note>

- Refer to "6-1 Checking Engine Oil" to select engine oil.
- Change the packing, whenever changing oil.
- Packing No. : 6C090-58961 (Kubota)

(2) Oil Filter Change

1st time	50th hour
2nd time and after	Every 200 hours

- 1) Drain the engine oil completely, as described in "11-1 Oil Change".
- 2) Loosen and remove the oil filter, using an oil filter wrench.
- 3) Smear a little engine oil on the rubber gasket of a new filter.
- 4) Screw in the oil filter by hand and securely tighten by hand (do not use a filter wrench) after the gasket contacts the seal surface.
- 5) Supply oil and install the filler cap.

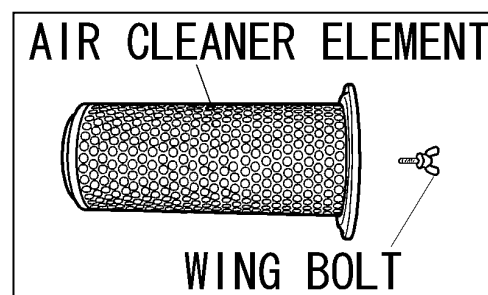
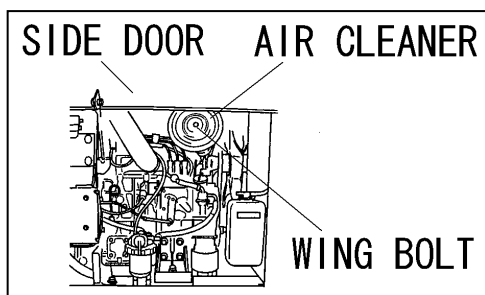


<Note>

- If an oil filter wrench is not available, contact our authorized distributor or our engineering section.
- Oil Filter Part No.: 16271-32092 (Kubota)

(3) Clean/Change Air Filter Element

Cleaning	1st time: 50th hour / 2nd time and after: Every 100 hours
Replacement	Every 400 hours



- 1) Loosen the wing bolts in the air cleaner and remove the air element.
- 2) Clean or replace the air element.
 - < The element is adhered with dried contaminants >
Blow up compressed air from inside the element.
 - < The element is adhered with carbon or oil >
Replace to a new one.
- 3) Reinstall it in reverse order.

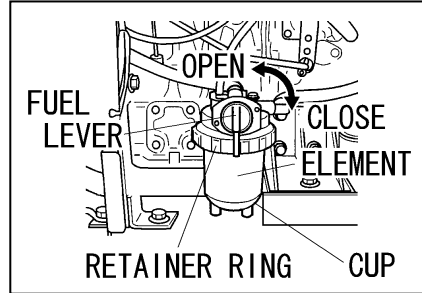
<Note>

- Clean more frequently, if it is used in dusty environment.
- Element Part No. 15741-11083 (Kubota)

(4) Clean/Change Fuel Strainer

Cleaning	1st time: 50th hour / 2nd time and after: Every 100 hours
Replacement	Every 400 hours

- 1) Turn the fuel lever to "CLOSE".
- 2) Unscrew the retainer ring counterclockwise, and remove the cup and the filter element.
- 3) Discard any dust or water inside the cup, and clean the filter element by blowing compressed air, or replace if necessary.
- 4) Reassemble it back.



<Note>

- Be sure to check for any contaminants on the packing, whenever reinstalling the cup.
- Turn the fuel line valve lever "OPEN" after assembling, and check for any leak. Having confirmed no leak without fail, turn the fuel line valve "CLOSE".
- Element Part No.: 15521-43161 (Kubota)

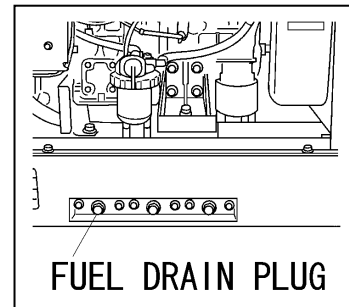
(5) Drain Water from Fuel Tank

Draining Water	Every 200 hours
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- 1) Unscrew the fuel drain plug.
- 2) Reinstall the drain plug, after draining water completely.

<Note>

- Change the packing, whenever changing oil.
- Packing Part No.: 6C090-58961 (Kubota)

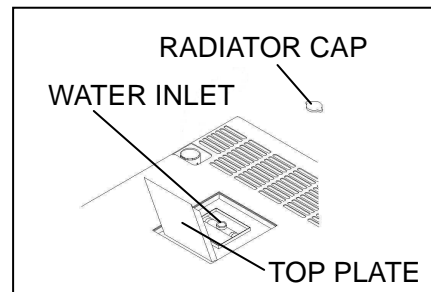


(6) Changing Coolant/Water

Draining Water	Every 200 hours
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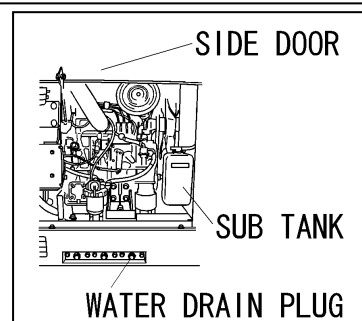
(Total Coolant/Water Capacity: 4.3 liter, including sub tank cap. 0.6 liter.)

- 1) Open the top plate.
- 2) Remove the radiator cap.
- 3) Loosen the water drain plug.
- 4) After draining all the water, reinstall the water drain plug.
- 5) Replace all the water in the sub tank.
- 6) Fill the coolant/water to the MAX level. (to the upper edge of the inlet)
- 7) Reinstall the radiator cap.
- 8) Install the top plate back.



<Note>

- Change the packing, whenever changing oil.
- Packing Part No.: 6C090-58961 (Kubota)



12. Long-Term Storage

⚠ Warning: Electric Shock/Injuries

- Before performing any equipment check or maintenance, stop the engine, and remove the engine key. A person performing the maintenance should always keep the key.

⚠ Caution: Burn

- When checking engine, always stop the engine, and keep far away from fire.
- Temperature around muffler and exhaust can get extremely high. Wait until the engine cools down, before performing any checks.

If the generator/welder will not be used for more than two months, perform the following maintenance and storage procedures.

- 1) Remove the battery.
- 2) Change the engine oil.
- 3) Drain fuel from the fuel tank and the fuel strainer.
- 4) Clean all parts, cover the generator/welder, and keep it in the storage, away from dust and humidity.

<Note>

- Recharge the removed battery once a month.

13. Troubleshooting

⚠ Warning: Electric Shock

- Do not operate the equipment, if the equipment or you are wet.
- Before performing any equipment check or maintenance, stop the engine.

⚠ Caution: Injuries

- When performing equipment check and maintenance, always stop the engine.

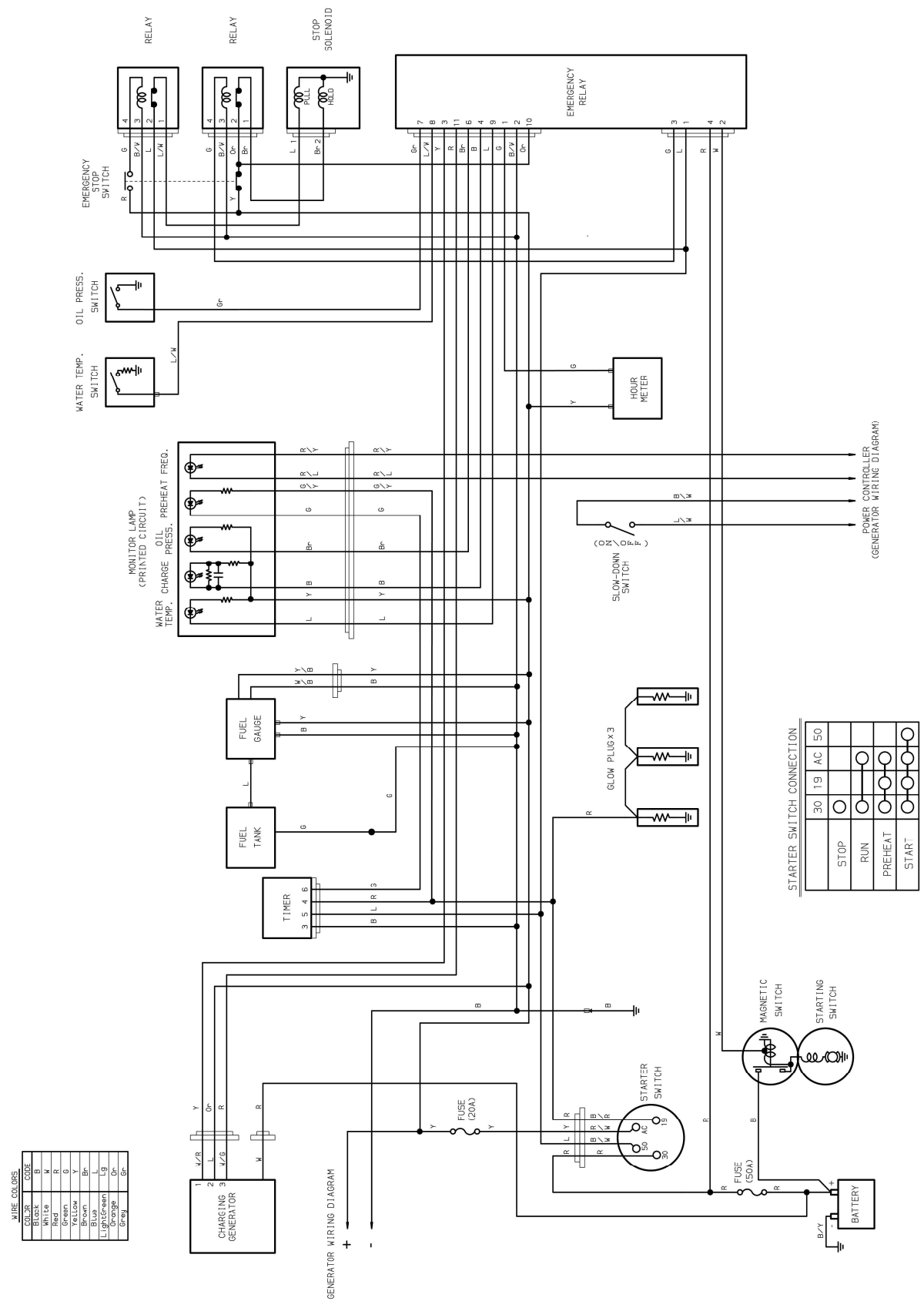
⚠ Caution: Burn

- When checking engine, always stop the engine, and keep away from fire.
- Temperature around engine, muffler and exhaust can get extremely high. Wait until the engine cools down, before performing any checks.

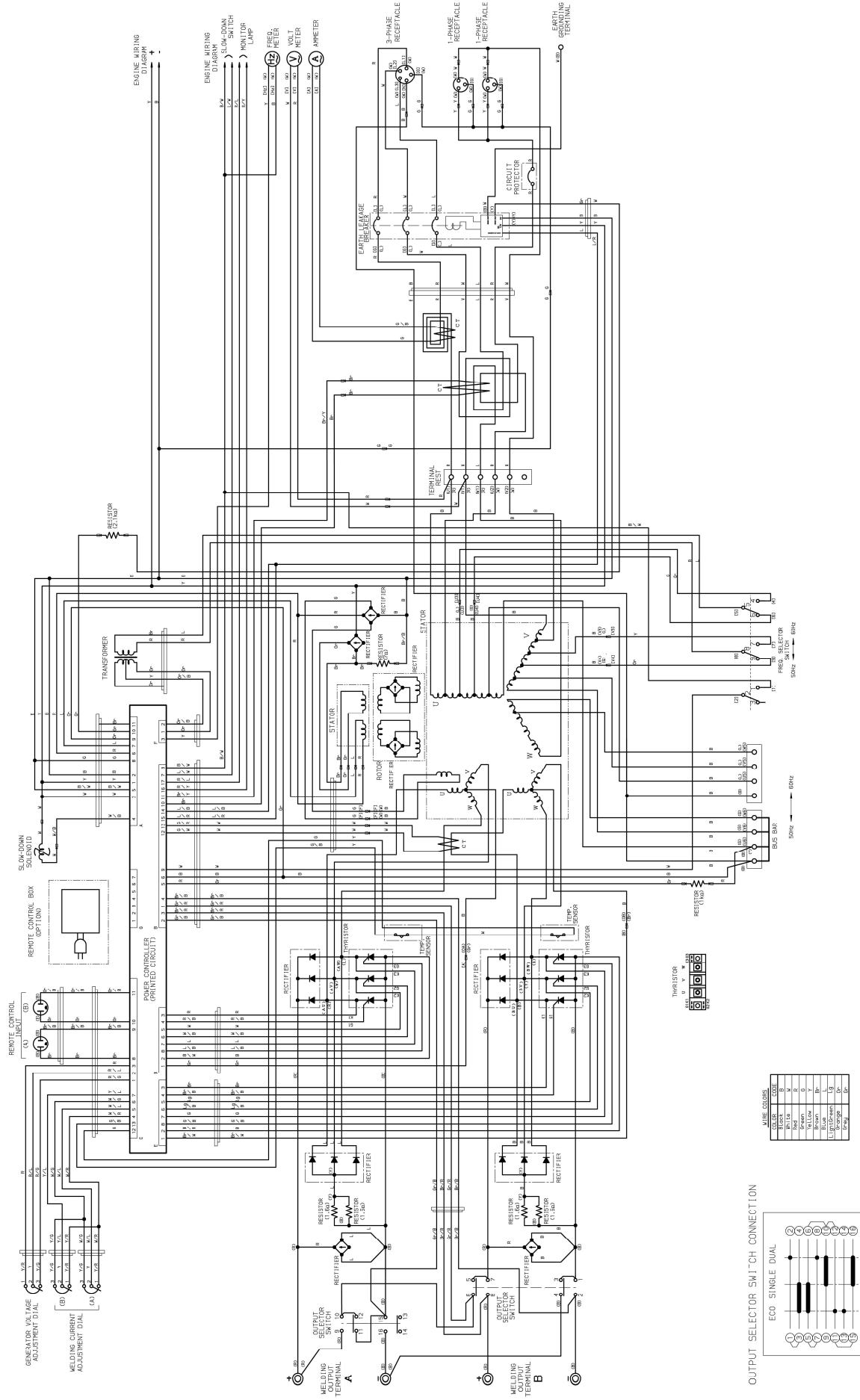
Follow the guideline below, when performing any troubleshooting. If you cannot resolve the problems by this troubleshooting guide, contact the authorized distributor or our engineering section to request the repair.

Symptom	Possible Causes	Remedy
Starter motor does not start	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Weak Battery. 2. Dead Battery. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Recharge Battery. 2. Replace Battery.
Engine does not start	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fuel lever to CLOSE. 2. Insufficient Fuel. 3. Water or contaminants in fuel. 4. Fuse burnt. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fuel lever to OPEN. 2. Replenish fuel. 3. Drain water or clean fuel tank and fuel strainer. 4. Repair.
Engine starts but stalls immediately	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Insufficient oil. 2. High Water Temperature, Insufficient coolant/water. 3. Unable to charge. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Replenish oil. 2. Replenish coolant/water. 3. Repair.
Welding Arc is weak	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Output selector switch positions to "Eco" or "Dual". 2. Frequency Switch is to "50Hz". 3. Wrong current adjustment dial position. 4. Poor contact of cables. 5. Improper Cable Diameter. 6. Poor Contact to material. 7. Dual Use. 8. Engine output is down. 9. Exceeding Duty Cycle (the warning lamp blinks) 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Turn to "SINGLE". 2. Turn to "60Hz". 3. Turn the dial clockwise. 4. Connect securely. 5. Change cables according to "Selection – Welding Cable". 6. Connect securely. 7. Stop using AC Power. 8. Remove the cause of the short circuit. 9. Wait until the equipment cools down. (the lamp to OFF)
Excessive Welding Arc	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Output selector switch is to "SINGLE". 2. Wrong current adjustment dial position. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Turn to "ECO" or "DUAL". 2. Turn the dial counterclockwise.
No AC Output	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The breaker (3-P or 1-P) positions to "OFF". 2. Output selector switch positions to "ECO". 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Turn to "ON". 2. Turn to "SINGLE" or "DUAL".
AC Output is Weak	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Wrong frequency. 2. The power consumption of the load exceeds the rated output. 3. The rated current of the load exceeds the rated output. 4. Dual Use. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Change to the load frequency. 2. Correspond the frequency of the lever to the bus bars. 3. Adjust according to "OUTPUT LIMITATION". 4. Stop welding.
Slow-Down does not activate	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Welding cables short circuit. 2. The power consumption of the load is 0.5A or below. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Repair the short circuit. 2. Turn the slow-down switch to "OFF".
Engine does not stop	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Stop Solenoid disorder. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Turn the fuel lever to "CLOSE" to stop and repair.
Black and white smoke exhaust from successively	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Overloaded use. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Keep the duty cycle.

14. Engine Wiring Diagram



15. Generator Wiring Diagram



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